



AMERICAN HISTORY

LESSON SEVEN



Name: _____

Date: _____

Instructions

Follow along with the video and complete the following questions

1. In what year did the Anglo-Saxons begin resisting Danish rule, as mentioned in the lecture?
 - a) 1000
 - b) 1014
 - c) 1066
 - d) 1215
2. What term was used for local administrative divisions in Anglo-Saxon England?
 - a) Counties
 - b) Parishes
 - c) Shires
 - d) Districts
3. What two main challenges did the self-governing Anglo-Saxons face without a king?
 - a) Taxation and representation
 - b) Common defense and foreign affairs
 - c) Economic stability and religious freedom
 - d) Education and healthcare
4. Who did the Anglo-Saxons choose as their king to address these challenges?
 - a) William the Conqueror
 - b) Edward the Confessor
 - c) Æthelred
 - d) Harold Godwinson
5. What type of monarchy was established with Æthelred's agreement?
 - a) Absolute monarchy
 - b) Constitutional monarchy
 - c) Limited monarchy
 - d) Elective monarchy





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6. Which Federalist Paper did James Madison use to explain the division of powers between federal and state governments?
- a) Federalist 10
 - b) Federalist 45
 - c) Federalist 51
 - d) Federalist 78
7. Who became king of England after the Battle of Hastings in 1066?
- a) Harold Godwinson
 - b) Edward the Confessor
 - c) William the Conqueror
 - d) Æthelred
8. How did William the Conqueror initially change laws without rewriting them?
- a) By issuing royal decrees
 - b) By changing out judges
 - c) By calling a new parliament
 - d) By reinterpreting religious texts
9. According to the lecture, what unexplainable trait do people tend to have regarding judges?
- a) Fear
 - b) Distrust
 - c) Unquestioning trust
 - d) Indifference
10. What document is credited with containing the phrase "we hold these truths to be self-evident"?
- a) The Magna Carta
 - b) The Constitution
 - c) The Declaration of Independence
 - d) The Federalist Papers
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Essay.

1. Explain the concept of "limited monarchy" as it developed in Anglo-Saxon England. How did this concept influence the development of the U.S. Constitution?
2. Analyze the parallels between the challenges faced by self-governing Anglo-Saxons in 1014 and the issues addressed in the U.S. Constitution. How do these historical roots inform our understanding of American governance?
3. Discuss the significance of James Madison's explanation in Federalist 45 regarding the division of powers between federal and state governments. How does this relate to the earlier concept of limited monarchy?
4. Compare and contrast the methods of William the Conqueror in consolidating power with modern concerns about judicial independence and the role of the judiciary in interpreting laws.
5. Evaluate the statement "history always repeats because human nature never changes" in the context of constitutional development. How does this perspective influence our approach to modern governance and constitutional interpretation?

